

Tashkent State University of Economics

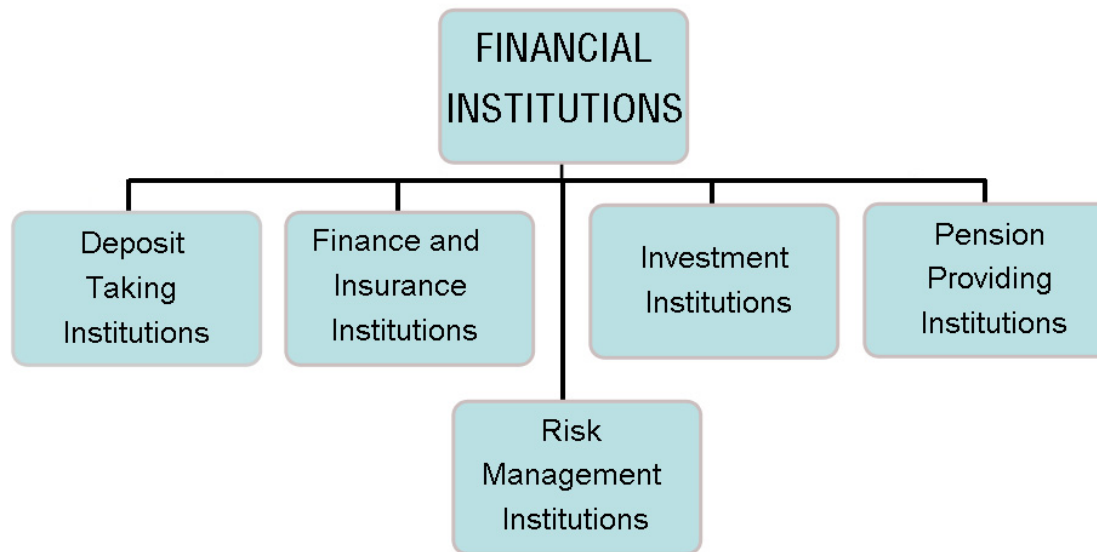


Finance and taxes department

**Uzbek financial markets**

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# LECTURE 9. FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS



## **Institutional infrastructure:**

- **1. Commercial banks.**
- **2. Insurance companies**
- **3. Advisory organizations.**
- **4. Notary and Advocacy Offices.**
- **5. Information gadgets.**

**1. Investment funds**

**2. Investment Experts**

**3. Restore owners**

**4. Depositories**

**5. Investment Intermediaries**

**SPECIAL INSTITUTIONS**

**Auxiliary is a separate form of finance, which is a kind of financial activity that combines the well-known risks of life and market economy into agreed-upon fees.**

**Role of insurance companies:**

**Institutions that Provide Risks.**

**Accumulator of financial resources.**

**Wide sources of investment.**

**Institutional investor.**

**Securities issuer.**

**The Bank is a special sphere of activity, which is a financial institution that collects and rewards financial resources through the financial market and distributes them to various economic entities effectively.**



Blockchain a game changer for banks looking to "Know Your Customer"

- **Role of banks:**
- Institutions that provide monetary policy.
- Provides professional services to the subjects of the economy on credit, cash equivalents.
- Professional service in stock market



**Investment Institute - this is a separate area of finance, which is a financial institution that provides qualified services on securities transactions in the stock market.**



## Role of Investment Institutions:

- ▶ It provides professional services to businesses and individuals on securities transactions.
- ▶ Intuitive investor.
- ▶ Securities issuer

